

THE SPECTRUM OF SIMPLICIAL VOLUME OF NON-COMPACT MANIFOLDS

(JOINT WORK WITH NICOLAUS HEUER)

I SIMPLICIAL VOLUME OF NON-COMPACT MANIFOLDS

II SV^{ef}

III $SV^{\text{ef}}_{\text{tame}}$

I Definition. [Gromov] Let M be an oriented ~~closed~~ ^{w/o boundary} connected n -mfd. Then the simplicial volume of M is defined as

$$\|M\|^{\text{ef}} := \inf \{ \|c\|_1 \mid c \in C_n^{\text{ef}}(M; \mathbb{R}) \text{ is a fund. gde of } M \} \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \cup \{\infty\}$$

locally finite

for geometry: better to use $\|M\|^{\text{ef}}_{\text{Lip}}$

Questions: What can be said about

$$SV(n) := \{ \|M\| \mid M \text{ occ } n\text{-mfd} \} \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^{\text{?}}$$

$$[\text{Gromov}, SV(1) = \mathbb{Q}, SV(2) = 4 \cdot \mathbb{N},$$

$$SV(3) = \mathbb{N} \left[\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right], SV(n) \subset \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \text{ dense}]$$

$\hookrightarrow \geq 4$ [Heuer, L]

• What can be said about

$$SV^{\text{ef}}(n) := \{ \|M\|^{\text{ef}} \mid \pi \text{ or, conn, } n\text{-mfd} \}^{\text{?}}$$

$$[SV^{\text{ef}}(1) = \{0, \infty\}]$$

II Theorem. [Hewitt, L] let $n \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 4}$. Then $SV^f(n) = \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \cup \{\infty\}$.

Ex: $SV^f(2) = 2 \cdot \mathbb{N} \cup \{\infty\}$

$\alpha \cup \emptyset$

$SV^f(3) = \{?\}$ Recent conj: [Bergagnoli, Frigerio] $SV^f(3) = SV(3) \cup \{\infty\}$

Proof of Thm: let $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \cup \{\infty\}$.

$SV(n)$ dense there ex. a seq. $(\alpha_k)_{k \in \mathbb{N}}$ in $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ in $SV(n)$ with $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \alpha_k = \alpha$.

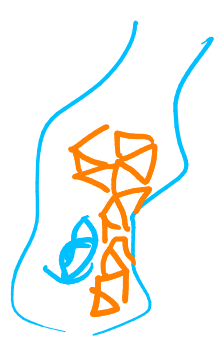
Recip: $c = \sum_i a_i \cdot \sigma_i$ is a lf-chain on Π

$\forall K \subset \Pi$ compact $\Rightarrow \exists \epsilon > 0$ and $n \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $|a_i| \leq \epsilon$ and $n \leq i \leq \infty$

a lf-chain c on Π is a fd. cycle of Π if for all $x \in \Pi$

$\cdot \text{res}[c] \in H_n(M, \mathbb{R}^{2 \times 2}, \mathbb{R})$

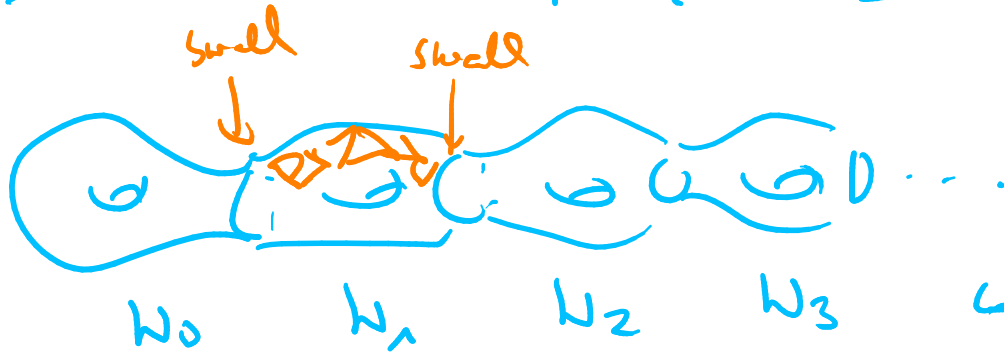
is the gen. compatible with the orientation.



For $\ell \in \mathbb{N}$: choose an o.c.c. ℓ -fold M_ℓ with $\|M_\ell\| = \alpha_\ell$.

“linear connected”

→ Set $M := M_0 \# M_1 \# M_2 \# \dots$ “sum”



compact left with boundary

Computation:

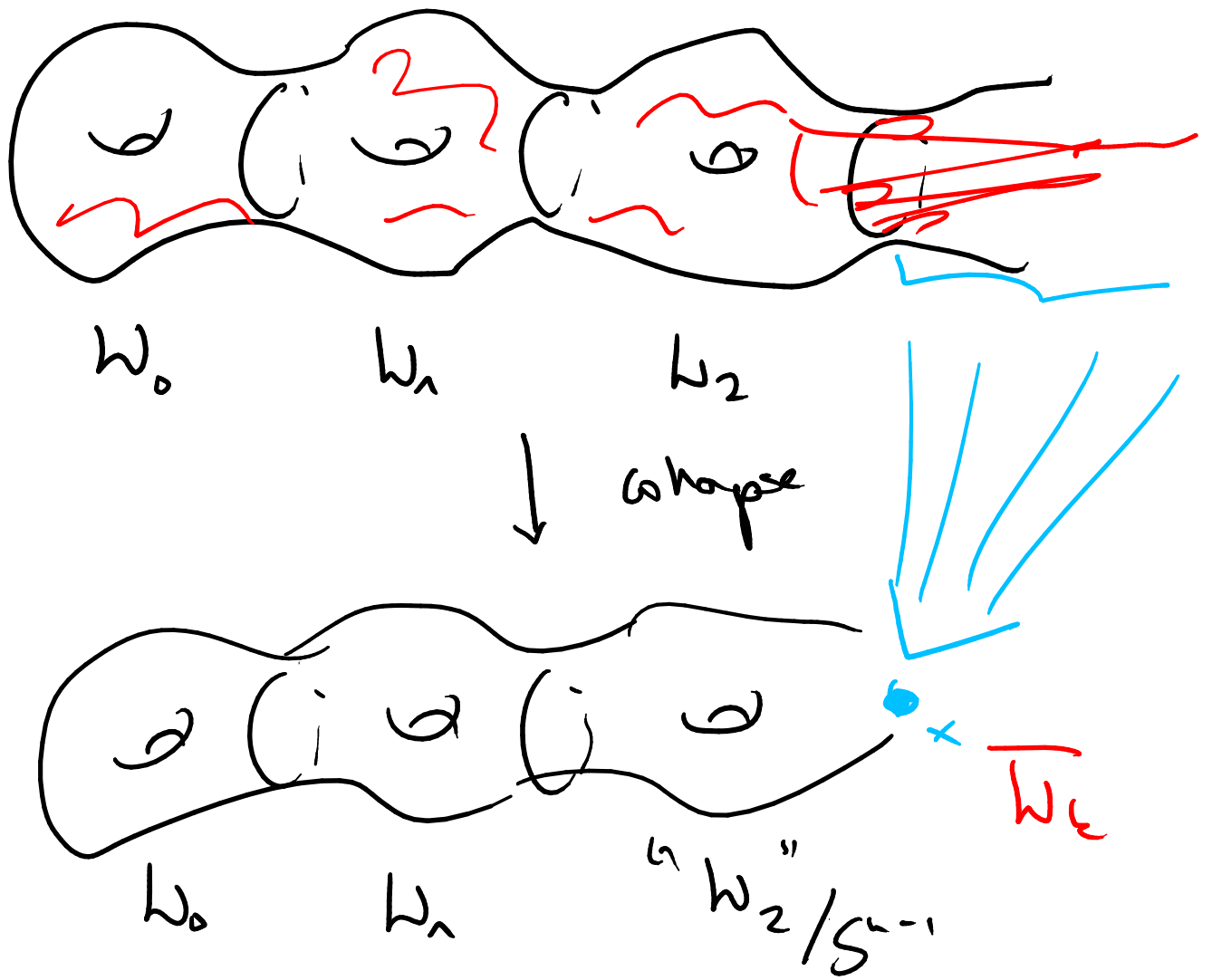
$$\begin{aligned} \|M\|^\ell &\leq \sum_{\ell=0}^{\infty} \|M_\ell, \partial M_\ell\| \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{equivalence theorem} \\ \text{[Gromov]} \\ + \text{UBC} \\ \text{[Matsumoto, Murai]} \end{array} \\ &= \sum_{\ell=0}^{\infty} \|M_\ell\| \\ &= \alpha \end{aligned}$$

$\|M\|^\ell \geq \alpha$: why $\|M\|^\ell < \infty$.

let $\varepsilon \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$.

→ ex. ℓ -fold cycle c of M with $|c|_\ell \leq \|M\|^\ell + \varepsilon$.

For $\ell \in \mathbb{N}$: $c_\ell \mid W_0 \cup_{S_{i-1}} W_1 \cup \dots \cup_{S_{i-1}} W_\ell$ (finite!)



\bar{C}_2 is "rel. fund. cycle" of $(\bar{W}_2, \{x\})$.

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \|C_1\| \geq \|C_2\|_n \geq \| \bar{W}_2, \{x\} \| & \stackrel{\text{equivalence than}}{=} \| \bar{W}_2 \| \\ & = \dots = \sum_{j=0}^k \|M_{ij}\| = \sum_{j=0}^k \alpha_j \end{aligned}$$

$\epsilon \rightarrow \infty$
 \rightsquigarrow

$$\|C_1\| \geq \alpha$$

$\epsilon \rightarrow 0$
 \rightsquigarrow

$$\|M\| \geq \alpha.$$

$$\wedge \\ \|M\| \geq \alpha + \epsilon$$

□

III

Theorem [Heny, L] let $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Then

$SV_{\text{tame}}^{\text{ef}}(n) \subset \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} \cup \{\infty\}$ is countable.

$= \{ \|M\|_{\text{ef}} \mid M \text{ or.}, \text{conn.}, n\text{-fold}$
with $\partial M = \emptyset$
and M is tame $\}$

\exists opt n -fold W with bdy

$$M \cong_{\text{Top}} N^{\circ} = W \setminus \partial W$$

Proof: Observation: there ex. only countably many proper homotopy types of tame n -folds

• $\|\cdot\|_{\text{ef}}$ is a proper homotopy inv.

□

Def. $\|M\|_{\text{Lip}}^{\text{ef}} := \{ |c|_n \mid c = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} a_j \cdot \sigma_j \in C_{\text{c}}^{\text{ef}}(M; \mathbb{R})$
fund. cycle
and $\sup_{j \in \mathbb{N}} \text{Lip}(\sigma_j) < \infty \}$

$$\bullet \quad \|R\|_{\text{eff}} \geq \|\Sigma_{0,1}, \lambda_{0,1}\| \geq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \underbrace{\|\lambda_{0,1}\|}_{=2} > 0$$

$$\|W^0\| < \infty \quad \overset{[\text{Growth}]}{\implies} \|\partial W\| = 0.$$

$\leadsto \|R\|_{\text{eff}} = \infty$. (or: straightening)

$\bullet \quad \mathbb{R}^n \ni$ proper self-map of deg 2
 $\rightarrow \|R^n\|_{\text{eff}} = 0$ if $n \geq 2$.

$\bullet \quad$ hypsurf has order type u^w
 $n = \dim 3$ [Thurston]

