

# Group Cohomology – Exercises

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**Exercise 1** (second cohomology and stable commutator length). Let  $G$  be a group. Which of the following statements are true? Justify your answer with a suitable proof or counterexample.

1. If  $H_b^2(G; \mathbb{R}) \cong_{\mathbb{R}} 0$ , then  $\text{scl}_G = 0$ .
2. If  $H^2(G; \mathbb{R}) \cong_{\mathbb{R}} 0$ , then  $\text{scl}_G = 0$ .

**Exercise 2** (torsion groups). Let  $G$  be a torsion group (i.e., every element in  $G$  has finite order).

1. Compute the function  $\text{scl}_G: [G, G] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  and the space  $\overline{\text{QM}}(G)$  (directly, without using Bavard duality).
2. Let  $G$ , in addition, have the property that every group extension of the form  $0 \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \rightarrow ? \rightarrow G \rightarrow 1$  splits. Show that  $H_b^2(G; \mathbb{R}) \cong_{\mathbb{R}} 0$ .

**Exercise 3** (quasi-isomorphisms). Let  $R$  be a ring. A chain map  $f_*: C_* \rightarrow D_*$  in  ${}_R\text{Ch}$  is a *quasi-isomorphism* if, for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , the induced homomorphism  $H_n(f_*): H_n(C_*) \rightarrow H_n(D_*)$  is an isomorphism. Show (via an example over a suitable ring  $R$ ) that if there exists a quasi-isomorphism  $C_* \rightarrow D_*$ , then, in general, there is *no* quasi-isomorphism  $D_* \rightarrow C_*$ .

**Exercise 4** (exact categories). We consider the article

T. Bühler. Exact categories, *Expo. Math.*, 28, pp. 1–69, 2010.

Before proceeding, you should look up what an *additive category* is.

1. On p. 4, *admissible epics* are defined. Make this definition explicit.
2. What is the *obscure axiom*?
3. Why is it called obscure?
4. How are *exact functors* between exact categories defined?

**Bonus problem** (duality principle for semi-norms on homology). Let  $C_*$  be a chain complex in the category of normed  $\mathbb{R}$ -vector spaces (and bounded linear operators) and let  $D^* := \text{BHom}(C_*, \mathbb{R})$  be the dual cochain complex. Let  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and let  $\alpha \in H_n(C_*)$  be represented by the cycle  $c \in C_n$ .

1. Show that

$$\|\alpha\| = \sup \left\{ \frac{1}{\|f\|_{\infty}} \mid f \in D^n, \delta^n f = 0, f(c) = 1 \right\}.$$

Here,  $\|\cdot\|$  denotes the semi-norm on  $H_n(C_*)$  induced by the norm on  $C_n$  and  $\delta^*$  is the coboundary operator of  $D^*$ . Moreover, we set  $\sup \emptyset := 0$ .

*Hints.* Hahn-Banach!

2. Does there exist an amenable group  $G$  and a class  $\alpha \in H_{2019}(G; \mathbb{R})$  with  $\|\alpha\|_1 = 2019$ ? Here,  $\|\cdot\|_1$  denotes the semi-norm on  $H_*(G; \mathbb{R})$  induced by the  $\ell^1$ -norm on  $C_*^{\mathbb{R}}(G)$ .

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Submission before July 1, 2019, 10:00, in the mailbox